New Mexico

Mathematics Grade 4

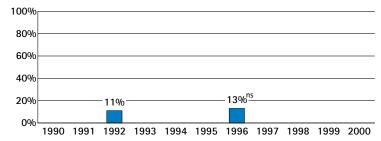
1. Improvement Over Time

Have New Mexico's 4th graders improved in mathematics achievement?

Not yet. Between 1992 and 1996, there was no significant change in the percentage of public school 4th graders who met the Goals Panel's performance standard in mathematics.

The Goals Panel has set its performance standard at the two highest levels of achievement — Proficient or Advanced — on the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or NAEP.

Percentage of public school 4th graders at or above Proficient on the NAEP mathematics assessment



ns Interpret with caution. Change was not statistically significant. Mathematics performance will be tested again in 2000.

2. State Comparisons⁺

How did New Mexico compare with other states in 4th grade mathematics achievement in public schools in 1996?

28 states had significantly higher percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Connecticut	31%	Colorado, Iowa, Maryland, Montana	22%
Minnesota	29%	U.S.,* Alaska, North Carolina, Oregon,	21%
Maine, Wisconsin	27%	Washington	
New Jersey, Texas	25%	Missouri, New York, Pennsylvania	20%
Indiana, Massachusetts, Nebraska,	24%	Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming	19%
North Dakota		Rhode Island ²	17%
Michigan Utah Vermont	23%		

12 states had similar percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Tennessee ²	17%	New Mexico, Arkansas, Georgia	13%
Delaware, Hawaii, Kentucky	16%	South Carolina	12%
Arizona, Florida	15%	Alabama, California	11%
Nevada	14%		

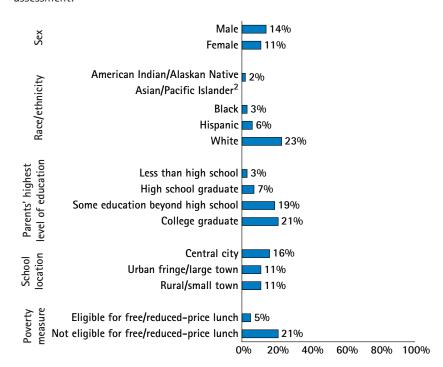
4 states had significantly lower' percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Louisiana, Mississippi	8% Guam	3%
District of Columbia	5%	

⁺ The term "state" is used to refer to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the territories.

3. Subgroup Performance

What percentages of public school 4th graders in different subgroups' in New Mexico were at or above Proficient on the 1996 NAEP mathematics assessment?



¹ Interpret differences between subgroups with caution. See pp. 3-4 and Appendix D.

¹ See explanation on pp. 3-4.

² State may appear to be out of place; however, statistically, its placement is correct. See pp. 3-4.

^{*} Figure shown for the U.S. includes both public and nonpublic school data.

² Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

Mathematics Grade 8

New Mexico

1. Improvement Over Time

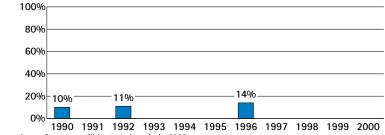


Have New Mexico's 8th graders improved in mathematics achievement?

Yes. The percentage of New Mexico's public school 8th graders who met the Goals Panel's performance standard in mathematics increased from 10% in 1990, to 14% in 1996.

The Goals Panel has set its performance standard at the two highest levels of achievement — Proficient or Advanced — on the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or NAEP.

Percentage of public school 8th graders at or above Proficient on the NAEP mathematics assessment $\,$



Mathematics performance will be tested again in 2000.

2. State Comparisons⁺

How did New Mexico compare with other states in 8th grade mathematics achievement in public schools in 1996?

27 states had significantly higher' percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Minnesota	34%	Colorado	25%
North Dakota	33%	U.S.,* Indiana, Maryland, Utah	24%
Montana, Wisconsin	32%	Missouri, New York, Wyoming	22%
Connecticut, Iowa, Maine, Nebraska	31%	Texas, Virginia	21%
Alaska	30%	North Carolina, Rhode Island	20%
Massachusetts, Michigan	28%	Delaware	19%
Vermont	27%	Arizona	18%
Oregon, Washington	26%		

10 states had similar' percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

California, Florida	17%	Arkansas	13%
Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky	16%	Alabama	12%
Tennessee	15%		
New Mexico, South Carolina,	14%		

West Virginia

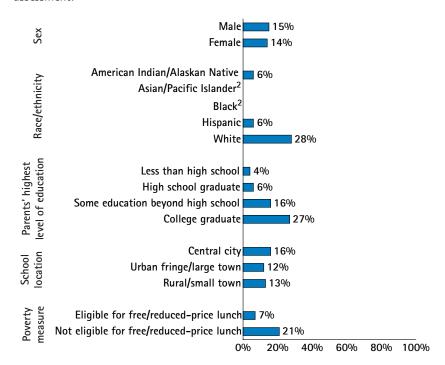
4 states had significantly lower' percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Louisiana, Mississippi	7%	District of Columbia	5%
Guam	6%		

[†] The term "state" is used to refer to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the territories.

3. Subgroup Performance

What percentages of public school 8th graders in different subgroups¹ in New Mexico were at or above Proficient on the 1996 NAEP mathematics assessment?



¹ Interpret differences between subgroups with caution. See pp. 3-4 and Appendix D.

¹ See explanation on pp. 3-4.

^{*} Figure shown for the U.S. includes both public and nonpublic school data.

² Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

New Mexico

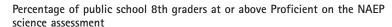
Science Grade 8

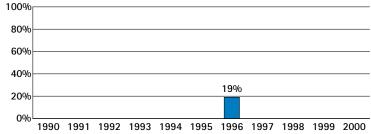
1. Improvement Over Time

Have New Mexico's 8th graders improved in science achievement?

In 1996, 19% of New Mexico's public school 8th graders met the Goals Panel's performance standard in science. The Goals Panel will report whether science performance has improved over time when science is assessed again in 2000.

The Goals Panel has set its performance standard at the two highest levels of achievement — Proficient or Advanced — on the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or NAEP.





Science performance will be tested again in 2000.

2. State Comparisons⁺

How did New Mexico compare with other states in 8th grade science achievement in public schools in 1996?

27 states had significantly higher¹ percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Maine, Montana, North Dakota	41%	Indiana	30%
Wisconsin	39%	U.S.*	29%
Massachusetts, Minnesota	37%	Missouri	28%
Connecticut, Iowa	36%	New York, Virginia, Washington	27%
Nebraska	35%	Rhode Island	26%
Vermont, Wyoming	34%	Maryland	25%
Colorado, Michigan, Oregon, Utah	32%	North Carolina	24%
Alaska	31%	Arizona, Kentucky, Texas	23%

9 states had similar percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Arkansas, Tennessee	22%	New Mexico	19%
Delaware, Florida, Georgia,	21%	Alabama	18%
West Virginia		South Carolina	17%
California	20%		

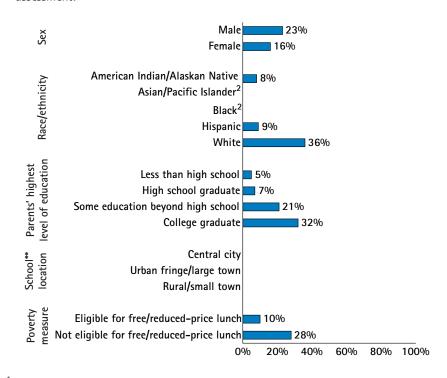
5 states had significantly lower' percentages of students who were at or above Proficient on NAEP:

Hawaii	15%	Guam	7%
Louisiana	13%	District of Columbia	5%
Mississippi	12%		

[†] The term "state" is used to refer to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the territories.

3. Subgroup Performance

What percentages of public school 8th graders in different subgroups in New Mexico were at or above Proficient on the 1996 NAEP science assessment?



¹ Interpret differences between subgroups with caution. See pp. 3-4 and Appendix D.

¹ See explanation on pp. 3-4.

^{*} Figure shown for the U.S. includes both public and nonpublic school data.

² Characteristics of the sample do not permit a reliable estimate.

^{**} No school location data for science in 1996.

International Comparisons

New Mexico

Mathematics Grade 8

Forty-one nations[†] participated in the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS) in 8th grade mathematics in 1995. If public school 8th graders in New Mexico participated in the TIMSS mathematics assessment, how would their average performance compare to that of students who took TIMSS in these nations?

27 nations would be expected to perform significantly higher:

(Australia) (Israel) (Austria) Japan Belgium – Flemish² Korea

(Belgium - French)²(Netherlands)(Bulgaria)New ZealandCanadaNorway

Czech Republic Russian Federation
(Denmark) Singapore
(England) Slovak Republic

(England)Slovak RepublFrance(Slovenia)(Germany)SwedenHong Kong(Switzerland)Hungary(Thailand)Ireland

9 nations would be expected to perform similarly:

Cyprus New Mexico
(Greece) (Romania)
Iceland (Scotland)
(Latvia – LSS)³ Spain
(Lithuania) United States

5 nations would be expected to perform significantly lower:1

(Colombia) Portugal Iran, Islamic Republic (South Africa) (Kuwait)

- † The term "nation" is used to refer to nations, states, or jurisdictions. Performance for nations is based on public school data only. Nations not meeting international guidelines are shown in parentheses.
- 1 See explanation on pp. 3-4.
- 2 The Flemish and French educational systems in Belgium participated separately.
- 3 Latvia is designated LSS because only Latvian-speaking schools were tested, which represent less than 65% of the population.

Science Grade 8

Forty-one nations[†] participated in the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS) in 8th grade science in 1995. If public school 8th graders in New Mexico participated in the TIMSS science assessment, how would their average performance compare to that of students who took TIMSS in these nations?

16 nations would be expected to perform significantly higher:

(Australia) Japan (Austria) Korea Belgium - Flemish² (Netherlands) (Bulgaria) Russian Federation Czech Republic Singapore (England) Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Hungary Sweden Ireland

15 nations would be expected to perform similarly:1

Canada New Zealand France Norway (Germany) (Romania) (Greece) (Scotland) Spain Hong Kong Iceland (Switzerland) (Israel) (Thailand) New Mexico **United States**

10 nations would be expected to perform significantly lower:

(Belgium – French)²(Kuwait)(Colombia)(Latvia – LSS)³Cyprus(Lithuania)(Denmark)PortugalIran, Islamic Republic(South Africa)

- † The term "nation" is used to refer to nations, states, or jurisdictions. Performance for nations is based on public school data only. Nations not meeting international quidelines are shown in parentheses.
- 1 See explanation on pp. 3-4.
- 2 The Flemish and French educational systems in Belgium participated separately.
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